

# Thyristor

$$V_{RRM} = 1600 \text{ V}$$

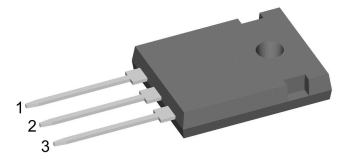
$$I_{TAV} = 30 \text{ A}$$

$$V_T = 1.35 \text{ V}$$

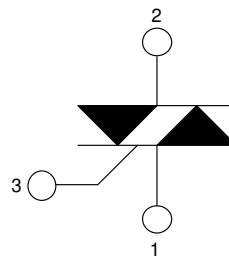
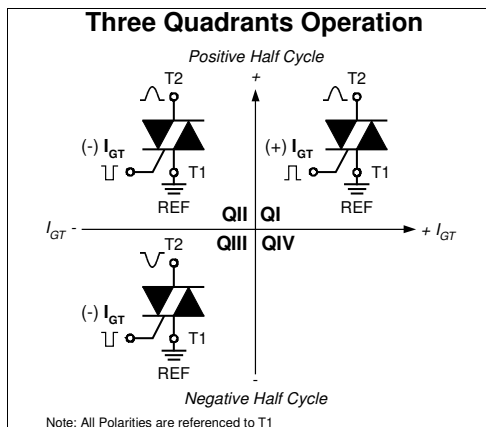
Three Quadrants operation: QI - QIII  
 1~ Triac

Part number

**CMA60MT1600NHB**



Backside: Terminal 2



### Features / Advantages:

- Triac for line frequency
- Three Quadrants Operation - QI - QIII
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability of blocking currents and voltages

### Applications:

- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

### Package: TO-247

- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0

### Disclaimer Notice

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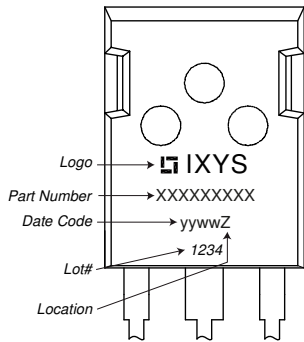


| Rectifier      |  |   | Ratings                 |      |          |                  |
|----------------|--|---|-------------------------|------|----------|------------------|
| Symbol         | Definition   | Conditions  | min.                    | typ. | max.     | Unit             |
| $V_{RSM/DSM}$  | max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage | $T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$  |                         |      | 1700     | V                |
| $V_{RRM/DRM}$  | max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage     | $T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$  |                         |      | 1600     | V                |
| $I_{RD}$       | reverse current, drain current                       | $V_{R/D} = 1600 V$  | $T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$  |      | 10       | $\mu A$          |
|                |  | $V_{R/D} = 1600 V$  | $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$ |      | 2        | mA               |
| $V_T$          | forward voltage drop                                 | $I_T = 30 A$  | $T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$  |      | 1.36     | V                |
|                |  | $I_T = 60 A$  |                         |      | 1.70     | V                |
|                |  | $I_T = 30 A$  | $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$ |      | 1.35     | V                |
|                |  | $I_T = 60 A$  |                         |      | 1.79     | V                |
| $I_{TAV}$      | average forward current                              | $T_C = 115^{\circ}C$  | $T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$ |      | 30       | A                |
| $I_{RMS}$      | RMS forward current per phase                        | 180° sine   |                         |      | 66       | A                |
| $V_{T0}$       | threshold voltage                                    | } for power loss calculation only   | $T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$ |      | 0.89     | V                |
| $r_T$          | slope resistance                                     |   |                         |      | 15.1     | m $\Omega$       |
| $R_{thJC}$     | thermal resistance junction to case                  |   |                         |      | 0.55     | K/W              |
| $R_{thCH}$     | thermal resistance case to heatsink                  |   |                         | 0.3  |          | K/W              |
| $P_{tot}$      | total power dissipation                              |   | $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$     |      | 230      | W                |
| $I_{TSM}$      | max. forward surge current                           | $t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine$  | $T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$  |      | 260      | A                |
|                |  | $t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine$   | $V_R = 0 V$             |      | 280      | A                |
|                |  | $t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine$  | $T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$ |      | 220      | A                |
|                |  | $t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine$   | $V_R = 0 V$             |      | 240      | A                |
| $I^2t$         | value for fusing                                     | $t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine$  | $T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$  |      | 340      | A <sup>2</sup> s |
|                |  | $t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine$   | $V_R = 0 V$             |      | 325      | A <sup>2</sup> s |
|                |  | $t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine$  | $T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$ |      | 240      | A <sup>2</sup> s |
|                |  | $t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine$   | $V_R = 0 V$             |      | 240      | A <sup>2</sup> s |
| $C_J$          | junction capacitance                                 | $V_R = 400 V \quad f = 1 MHz$   | $T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$  |      | 9        | pF               |
| $P_{GM}$       | max. gate power dissipation                          | $t_p = 30 \mu s$  | $T_C = 150^{\circ}C$    |      | 10       | W                |
|                |  | $t_p = 300 \mu s$   |                         |      | 5        | W                |
| $P_{GAV}$      | average gate power dissipation                       |   |                         |      | 0.5      | W                |
| $(di/dt)_{cr}$ | critical rate of rise of current                     | $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C; f = 50 Hz$ repetitive, $I_T = 90 A$   |                         |      | 150      | A/ $\mu s$       |
|                |  | $t_p = 200 \mu s; di_G/dt = 0.2 A/\mu s;$<br>$I_G = 0.2 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ non-repet., $I_T = 30 A$              |                         |      | 500      | A/ $\mu s$       |
| $(dv/dt)_{cr}$ | critical rate of rise of voltage                     | $V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$   | $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$ |      | 500      | V/ $\mu s$       |
|                |  | $R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)  |                         |      |          |                  |
| $V_{GT}$       | gate trigger voltage                                 | $V_D = 6 V$   | $T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$  |      | 1.3      | V                |
|                |  |   | $T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}C$ |      | 1.6      | V                |
| $I_{GT}$       | gate trigger current                                 | $V_D = 6 V$   | $T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$  |      | $\pm 60$ | mA               |
|                |  |   | $T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}C$ |      | $\pm 80$ | mA               |
| $V_{GD}$       | gate non-trigger voltage                             | $V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$   | $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$ |      | 0.2      | V                |
| $I_{GD}$       | gate non-trigger current                             |   |                         |      | $\pm 1$  | mA               |
| $I_L$          | latching current                                     | $t_p = 10 \mu s$  | $T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$  |      | 90       | mA               |
|                |  | $I_G = 0.2 A; di_G/dt = 0.2 A/\mu s$  |                         |      |          |                  |
| $I_H$          | holding current                                      | $V_D = 6 V \quad R_{GK} = \infty$   | $T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$  |      | 60       | mA               |
| $t_{gd}$       | gate controlled delay time                           | $V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$   | $T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$  |      | 2        | $\mu s$          |
|                |  | $I_G = 0.5 A; di_G/dt = 0.5 A/\mu s$  |                         |      |          |                  |
| $t_q$          | turn-off time  | $V_R = 100 V; I_T = 30 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$<br>$di/dt = 10 A/\mu s \quad dv/dt = 20 V/\mu s \quad t_p = 200 \mu s$ | $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$ |      | 150      | $\mu s$          |



| Package TO-247 |                              |              | Ratings |      |      |      |
|----------------|------------------------------|--------------|---------|------|------|------|
| Symbol         | Definition                   | Conditions   | min.    | typ. | max. | Unit |
| $I_{RMS}$      | RMS current                  | per terminal |         |      | 70   | A    |
| $T_{VJ}$       | virtual junction temperature |              | -40     |      | 150  | °C   |
| $T_{op}$       | operation temperature        |              | -40     |      | 125  | °C   |
| $T_{stg}$      | storage temperature          |              | -40     |      | 150  | °C   |
| <b>Weight</b>  |                              |              |         | 6    |      | g    |
| $M_D$          | mounting torque              |              | 0.8     |      | 1.2  | Nm   |
| $F_C$          | mounting force with clip     |              | 20      |      | 120  | N    |

**Product Marking**



**Part description**

- C = Thyristor (SCR)
- M = Thyristor
- A = (up to 1800V)
- 60 = Current Rating [A]
- MT = 1~ Triac
- 1600 = Reverse Voltage [V]
- N = Three Quadrants operation: QI - QIII
- HB = TO-247AD (3)

| Ordering | Ordering Number | Marking on Product | Delivery Mode | Quantity | Code No. |
|----------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------|----------|----------|
| Standard | CMA60MT1600NHB  | CMA60MT1600NHB     | Tube          | 30       | 516795   |

| Similar Part   | Package    | Voltage class |
|----------------|------------|---------------|
| CMA60MT1600NHR | ISO247 (3) | 1600          |

**Equivalent Circuits for Simulation**

\* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$

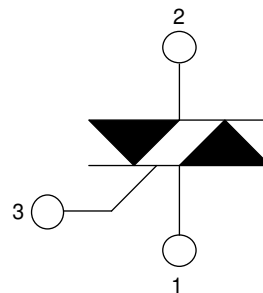
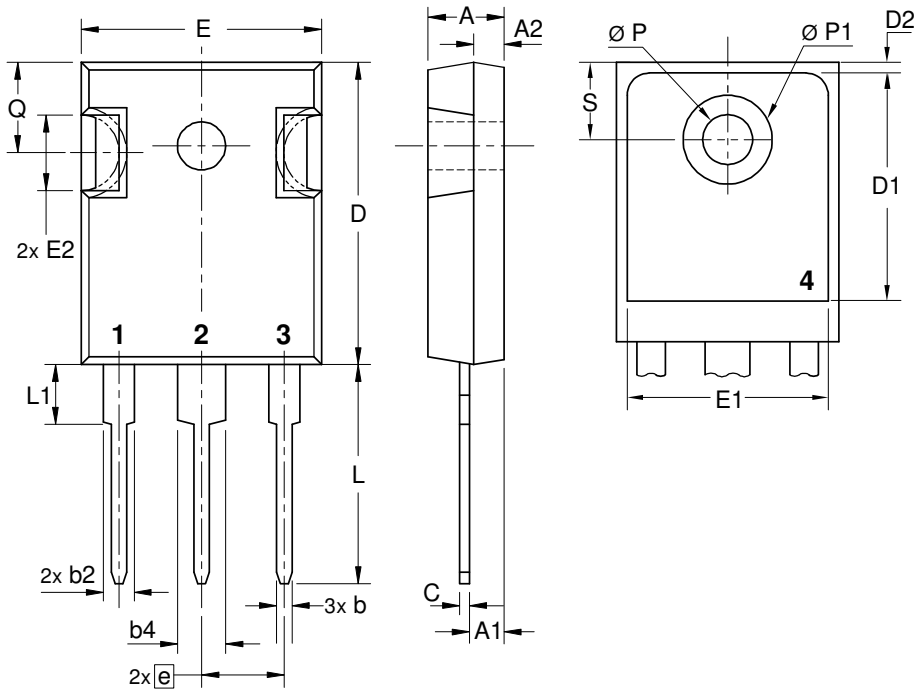


**Thyristor**

|              |                    |      |    |
|--------------|--------------------|------|----|
| $V_{0 \max}$ | threshold voltage  | 0.89 | V  |
| $R_{0 \max}$ | slope resistance * | 12.6 | mΩ |



**Outlines TO-247**



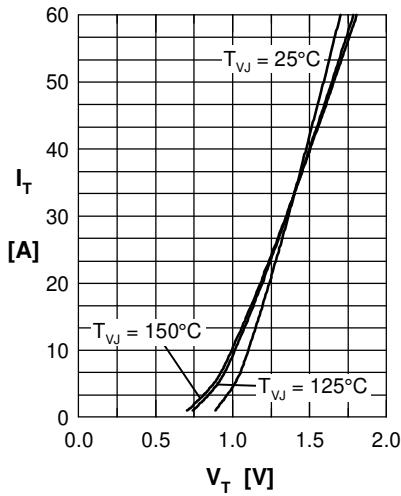
**Thyristor**


Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

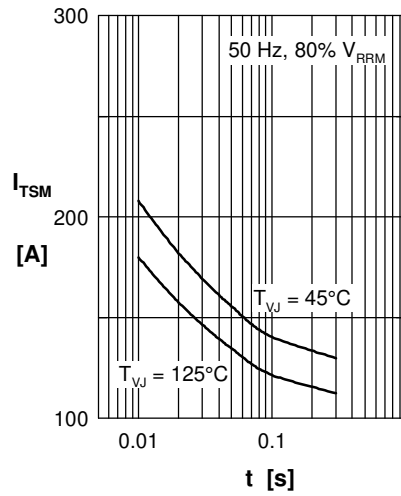
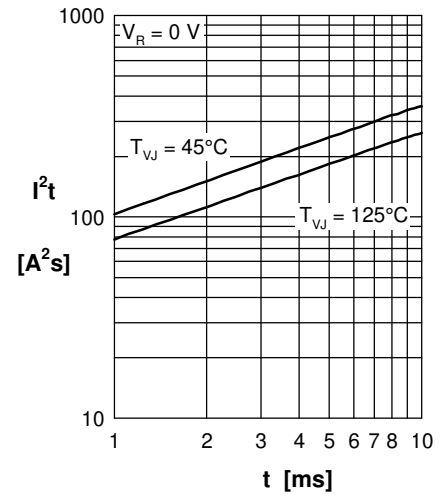
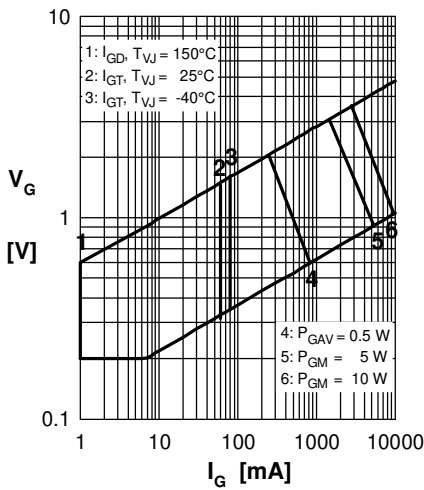

 Fig. 2 Surge overload current  
 $I_{TSM}$ : crest value,  $t$ : duration

 Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 s)


Fig. 4 Gate voltage &amp; gate current

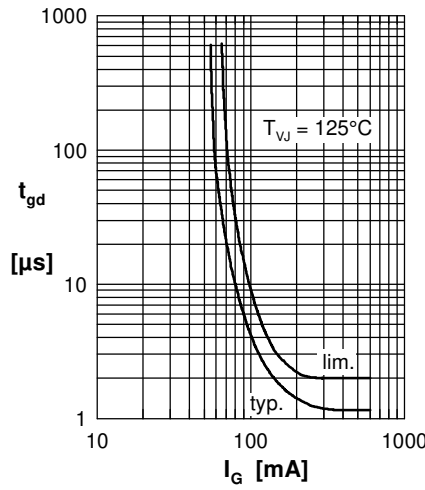
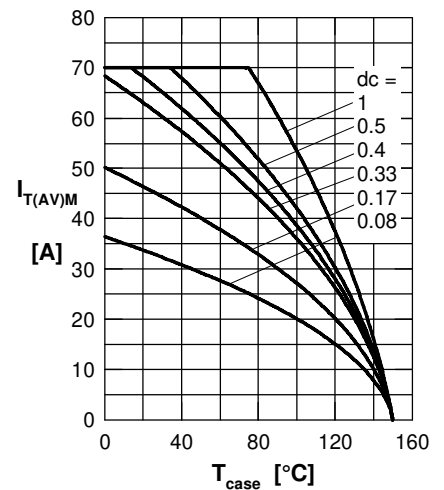

 Fig. 5 Gate controlled delay time  $t_{gd}$ 


Fig. 6 Max. forward current at case temperature

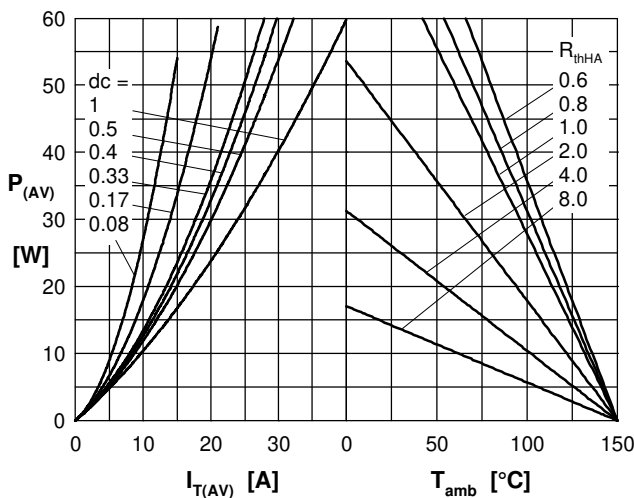
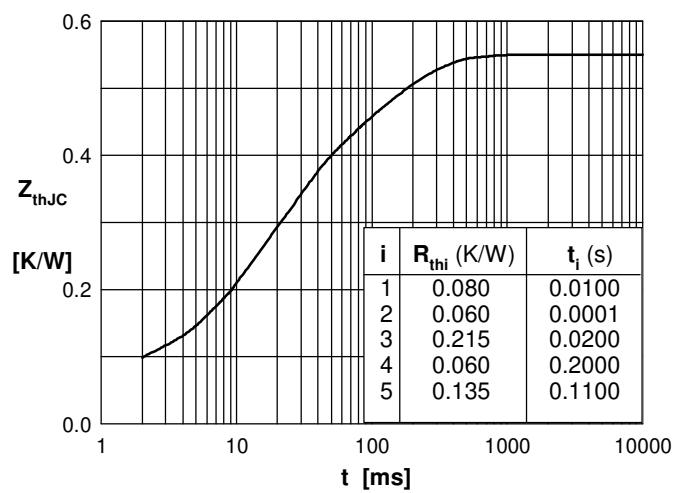

 Fig. 7a Power dissipation versus direct output current  
 Fig. 7b and ambient temperature


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance junction to case